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Revision nr : 5 Date : 23/3/2015

Supersedes : 22/11/2011

SULPHURIC ACID 15-51%

Code : 16538

S	SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking				
	1.1. Product identifier				
	Chemical description	: Sulphuric acid , Dihydrogen sulphate, solution (15-51%).			
	Type of product	: Pure product in solution .			
	Reach registration number	: 01-2119458838-20			
	1.2. Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against			
*	Identified use(s)	: See table on the front page of the annex.			
*	Use(s) advised against	: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than identified in table on the front page of the annex.			
	1.3. Details of the supplier of the s	safety data sheet			
*	Company identification	: BRENNTAG N.V Nijverheidslaan 38 - BE-8540 DEERLIJK TEL: +32(0)56/77.69.44 - FAX: +32(0)56/77.57.11 E-MAIL: info@brenntag.be - Website: www.brenntag.be			
		BRENNTAG Nederland B.V Donker Duyvisweg 44 - NL-3316 BM DORDRECHT TEL: +31(0)78/65.44.944 - FAX: +31(0)78/65.44.919 E-MAIL: info@brenntag.nl - Website: www.brenntag.nl			
	1.4. Emergency telephone numbe	<u>r</u>			
*	Emergency phone number	: België : Antipoison Center - Brussels TEL: +32(0)70/245.245			
		The Netherlands : National Poisoning Information Center - Bilthoven TEL: +31(0)30/274.88.88 (Only for the purpose of informing medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications)			

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Corrosive (C; R35)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin corrosion - Category 1A - Danger (Skin Corr. 1A; H314)

2.2. Label elements

Label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- Dangerous ingredient(s) Hazard pictogram(s)
- : Sulphuric acid ...%

- Signal word
- · Hazard statements
- · Precautionary statements
 - Prevention
 - Response

- : Danger
- : H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- : P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.
- : P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair) : Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification (continued)

2.3. Other hazards	
Physical/chemical hazards	: Attacks metals with liberation of hydrogen gas.
Hazards for the health	: A health dangerous concentration in the air will not or very slowly be reached by evaporation of this substance at app. 20°C; by spraying much faster.
Hazards for the environment	 Product causes a strong drop of the pH-value of water and soil. This product is no substance or contains no PBT or vPvB (in accordance with Annex XIII).
Hazards for the safety	: Risk of explosion by many reactions.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name component(s)		Weight %	CAS nr	EINECS nr	Index nr	Reach nr	CLASSIFICATION
Sulphuric acid%	:	15 -51 %	7664-93-9	231-639-5	016-020-00-8	01-2119458838-20	C; R35
							 Skin Corr. 1A; H314

The full text of the R-phrases and (EU)H-statements is in section 16.

Note B (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008) applies to the product or one or more of its components.

Note: SCL applicable

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures				
General	: CALL A PHYSICIAN IN ALL CIRCUMSTANCES. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
First Aid Measures				
- Inhalation	 Remove victim into fresh air. Allow the affected person to rest in semi-sitting position. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Take the patient to the hospital. 			
- Skin Contact	 Remove contaminated clothing while rinsing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water. (shower if necessary). Consult a doctor. 			
- Eye Contact	 Rinse IMMEDIATELY thoroughly and long (at least 15 min.) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Consult eye doctor. Keep rinsing or dripping the eye during transport. 			
- Ingestion	: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Give victim plenty of water to drink. Take the patient IMMEDIATELY to the hospital			

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For specialist advice doctors should contact the NVCI or the Belgian Poison center.



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SECTION 5. Firefighting mea	SECTION 5. Firefighting measures				
5.1. Extinguishing media					
Extinguishing Media					
- Suitable	: Extinguishing powder , Alcohol resistant foam , Carbon dioxide (CO2) , Sand .				
- Insuitable	: Water .				
5.2. Special hazards arising from	m the substance or mixture				
Special Exposure Hazards : Fire may liberate toxic and corrosive sulfur oxides.					
5.3. Advice for firefighters					
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters	: Use self-contained breathing apparatus and wear protective clothes when in close proximity to fire.				
Special Procedures	: Apply water spray or fog to cool nearby equipment. Avoid fire-fighting water to enter environment.				
	Neutralize extinguishing water with a basic product.				
SECTION 6. Accidental release measures					
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures					
Personal Precautions	 Evacuate all personnel immediately and ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapour and contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear 				

6.2. Environmental precautions

0.2. Environmental precaution	
Environmental Precautions	 Shut off leaks if without risks. Dike in the spilled product as much as possible with inert material. Prevent entry of product in public water, sewers or soil. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for	or containment and cleaning up
Methods for Cleaning Up	: Collect the spillage in closable, corrosion resistant, suitable disposal containers. Dilute spilled liquid immediately with plenty of water and neutralise with base. (e.g. Sodium bicarbonate) Rinse abundantly with water.

recommended personal protective equipment. (See section 8)

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8. For the removal of the waste product, see section 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid he or disso When d round. When u Wash ha Emerge	ended personal protective equipment. (See section 8) bating, splashing and formation of vapour when emptying, pouring, diluting ving the product. Iuting, always pour the acid solution upon the water, never the other way sing, do not eat, drink or smoke. ands before and after working with the product. hey eye wash fountains and showers should be available in the immediate f any potential exposure.
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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities



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Storage	: Keep only in the original, safely locked container in a cool, well ventilated and dr
	place. All dangerous products should be placed on a drip tray or should be barreled. Keep away from : Bases , Reducing agents , Combustibles .
Packaging Material	: Polyethylene , Polypropylene , Glass .
Insuitable Packaging Material	: Metals .
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
For identified uses, see subsection 1	.2 and/or exposure scenarios.
ECTION 8. Exposure contro	ols/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	
Occupational Exposure Limits	 Sulphuric acid% : Limit value (BE) : 0,2 mg/m³ (2014) (Fog) (C) Sulphuric acid% : Limit value (TWA 8 h) (NL) : 0,05 mg/m³ (2011) (C) The mention "C" means that the involved agent concerns the field of applica of the royal decree of December 2, 1993 concerning the protection of employee against the risks related to the exposure to carcinogenic and mutagen agents to work.
Biological limit values	: They will be included when available.
DNELs	 Sulphuric acid% : Worker, acute - local effects, inhalation : 0,1 mg/m³ Sulphuric acid% : Worker, long-term - local effects, inhalation : 0,05 mg/m³
PNECs	 Sulphuric acid% : Intermittent release : - Sulphuric acid% : Sewage treatment plant : 8,8 mg/l Sulphuric acid% : Marine water sediment : 0,002 mg/l Sulphuric acid% : Fresh water sediment : 0,002 mg/l Sulphuric acid% : Marine water : 0,0025 mg/l Sulphuric acid% : Fresh water : 0,0025 mg/l Sulphuric acid% : Soil : -
8.2. Exposure controls	
Engineering Measures	: Ventilation (If possible through the floor), Local exhaust .
Personal Protection Equipment	
- Respiratory protection	: CE-approved mask for acid gases and vapours (type E, yellow).
- Skin protection	: Suitable protective clothing (Acid proof) .
- Hand protection	 Suitable material for safety gloves (EN 374): The suitability of the gloves and the breakthrough time for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. material : Viton thickness 0,7 mm breakthrough time : > 480'
- Eye/Face protection	: Closed safety glasses or face shield.
- EVA/Eaca protection	

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

See technical data sheet for detailed information.			
Physical State (20°C) : Liquid .			
Form/Colour	: Clear , Colourless .		
Odour	: Odourless .		



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties (continued)				
*	Odour threshold	: Not applicable.		
*	pH value	: <1		
	Melting/Freezing point	: -50 to -35 °C		
	Boiling Point/Range (1013 hPa)	: 105 - 130 °C		
	Flash point	: Not applicable.		
	Fire hazard	: Not applicable.		
	Evaporation rate	: Not applicable.		
	Explosion limits in air	: Not applicable.		
	Vapour pressure (20°C)	: 0,5 - 2 kPa		
	Relative density of saturated vapour/air mixture (air=1)	: 1,0		
*	Relative density (water=1)	: 1,1 - 1,7		
	Density (20°C)	: 1,1 - 1,4 kg/l		
	Solubility in water	: Complete solubility .		
	Soluble in	: Diethyl ether .		
*	Log P Octanol/Water (20°C)	: 1 - 2,20 (estimated)		
	Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.		
	Minimum ignition energy	: Not applicable.		
	Decomposition temperature	: No data available.		
	Viscosity (20°C)	:< 5 mPa.s(Dynamic)		
*	Explosive properties	: No chemical groups associated with explosive properties .		
*	Oxidizing properties	: No chemical groups associated with oxidizing properties .		
	9.2. Other information			
	Others	: Very hygroscopic .		

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	 The product is a strong oxidizer and reacts violently with combustibles and reducing agents. Reacts violently with oxidizing agents and lyes. Reacts with : Organic materials , Solvents .
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	: Unstable upon contact with moisture .
10.3. Possibility of hazardous rea	actions
Hazardous reactions	:Exothermic reaction with: Water , Bases . Contact with metallic substances may release inflammable hydrogen gas.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	: Heat sources .
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	: Oxidizing agents , Bases , Reducing agents , Combustibles , Organic materials , Solvents , Metals .
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	<u>products</u>
Hazardous Decomposition Products	:Sulfur oxides , Hydrogen gas .

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information

	<u>11.1.</u>	Information o	n toxicologi	<u>cal effects</u>
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Acute toxicity

*	- Inhalation	 Symptoms include: Sulphuric acid% : LC50 (Rat, inhalation, 4 h) : 0,375 mg/l (OECD Guideline 403) Sore throat, Cough, Shortness of breath, Difficulty in breathing .
*	- Skin contact	 Symptoms include: Redness , Burning feeling . Sulphuric acid% : LD50 (Rabbit, dermal) : No data available.
*	- Ingestion	 Symptoms include: Irritation of lips, mouth and throat , Abdominal pain . Sulphuric acid% : LD50 (Rat, oral) : 2140 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401)
*	Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe burns.
*	Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
	Aspiration hazard	: The product may affect the upper and lower airways, causing infections and impaired lung function.
	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Probably not sensitive .
	Carcinogenicity	: Not listed as carcinogenic . IARC : Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans)
	Mutagenicity	: Not listed as mutagenic .
	Reproductive toxicity	: Not listed for reproductive toxicity .
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:To human : Listed not for organ toxicity . For animals : No effects known.
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:To human : Listed not for organ toxicity . For animals : No effects known.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

	12.1. TOXICILY	
k	Ecotoxicity	 Sulphuric acid%: LC50 (Fish, 96 h): 16 28 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus) Sulphuric acid%: EC50 (Algae, 72 h): >100 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus) (OECD Guideline 201) Sulphuric acid%: EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >100 mg/l (OECD Guideline 202)
	12.2. Persistence and degradabilit	<u>Y</u>
	Persistence and degradability	: • Sulphuric acid% : Persistence and degradability : Inorganic .
	12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
	Bioaccumulation	: • Sulphuric acid% : Bioaccumulation : No bioaccumulation .
	<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	
ł	Mobility	: • Sulphuric acid% : Mobility : Hydrolysis .
	12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB ass	sessment
	Evaluation	: • Sulphuric acid% : PBT/vPvB : No
	12.6. Other adverse effects	
	Photochemical ozone creation potential	: No data available.
	Ozone depletion potential	: None .
	Endocrine disrupting potential	: No data available.
	Global warming potential	: No data available.

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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/Unused products	: The product has to be destroyed according to national or local legislation, by a company specialised in handling hazardous waste products.
European list of waste products	: XXXXXX - European waste product code. This code is assigned on the basis of the most current applications and can not be representative for pollutions which are arisen at the effective use of the product. The producer of the waste has to evaluate its process himself and has to grant the appropriate waste coding. See Decision 2001/118/EC.
Removal contaminated packaging	: Packing is to be used exclusively for the packing of this product. After use, empty and close the packing very carefully. In case of returned packing, the empty packing can be offered back to the supplier.

SECTION 14. Transport information

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	
UN Number	: 2796
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
ADR/RID Name	: UN 2796 Sulphuric acid, 8, II, (E)
ADN Name	: UN 2796 Sulphuric acid , 8, II
IMDG Name	: UN 2796 Sulphuric acid , 8, II
IATA Name	: UN 2796 Sulphuric acid , 8, II
<u>14.3. Transport hazard classe(s)</u>	
Class	: 8
14.4. Packing group	
Packaging Group	: 11
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazard	: No
Marine pollutant	: No
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Danger number	: 80
Hazard Label(s)	: 8
EmS-N°	: F-A , S-B
14.7. Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Type ship	: No data available.
Pollution category	: No data available.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Inventories	: Australian inventory (AICS): Listed in inventory.
	Canadian inventory (DSL): Listed in inventory.
	Chinese inventory (IECS): Listed in inventory.
	European inventory (EINECS): Listed in inventory.
	Korean inventory (KECI): Listed in inventory.
	Inventory of the United States (TSCA): Listed in inventory.
NFPA n°	: 3-0-2



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information (continued)

*	Relevant EU Rule(s)	: Directive 98/24/EC of the Council of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work
		Directive 2004/37/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work
		Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 February 2004 on drug precursors
		Decision 2001/118/EC of the Commission of 16 January 2001 amending Decision 2000/532/EC as regards the list of wastes
		Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
		Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/ 2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (Reach)
	National regulations	
	- Germany	: WGK : 1
*	- Netherlands	:Water damaging:9 Decontamination exertion:B SZW-list of carcinogenic substances:Sulphuric acid vapours

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

* A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the components that make up this material.

SECTION 16. Other information

This safety data sheet is exclusively made for industrial/professional use. This safety data sheet has been drawn up in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

* Has changed compared to previous revision.

* Changes	: Section 1, Section 3, Section 7, Section 8, Section 9, Section 10, Section 11, Section 12, Section 14, Section 15, Section 16.
Sources of used key data	: The information contained herein is based on the present state of our knowledge (Producers of starting materials , Chemical cards ,). See also on the webaddress: http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search
R-phrase(s)	: R35 - Causes severe burns.
(EU)H-statement(s)	: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 * List of abbrevations and acronyms 	 ADN (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par voie de Navigation interieur) : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by inland waterways ADR (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route) : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road DNEL (Derived No Effect Level) : an estimated safe exposure level EC50 : median Effective Concentration EmS (Emergency Schedule) : the first code refers to the relevant fire schedule and the second code refers to the relevant spillage schedule IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) IATA (International Air Transport Association) : provisions concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by air IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods code) LC50 : median Lethal Concentration



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SECTION 16. Other information (continued)

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) or fire diamant NOEC (No Observed Effect Concentration) NVCI : National Poisoning Information Center OECD : Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development PBT : persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concentration) : concentration below which exposure to a substance is not expected to cause adverse effects REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals RID (Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses) : Regulation concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail SCL (Specific Concentration Limits) Skin Corr. 1A : Skin corrosion - Category 1A SZW-list : List of carcinogenic substances and processes as referred to in Article 4. 11 of the Working conditions decree TWA (Time-Weighted Average) : the average exposure over a specified period WGK (Wassergefahrdungsklasse) : a German classification of substances that indicate the environmental hazard for surface water vPvB : very persistent and very bioaccumulative

This information is to our knowledge correct and complete on the date of issue of this safety data sheet. The information only concerns the product and does not give any guarantee for the quality and the completeness of the properties of the product, or in case of mixing or using in any other process. It remains the responsibility of the user to assure himself that the information is suitable and complete concerning the special use he makes of the product.

BRENNTAG denies all responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the use of these data.

End of document

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No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environm ental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Manufacture of substance	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	1	NA	ES529
2	Use as an intermediate	3	4, 6b, 8, 9, 14	19	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6a	NA	ES679
3	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	10	NA	1, 3, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	2	NA	ES689
4	Use in Cleaning Agents	22	NA	35	8a	8a	NA	ES904
5	Use in laboratories	22	NA	21	15	8a, 8b	NA	ES906
6	Use for extractions and processing of minerals, ores	3	2a, 14	20, 40	2, 3, 4	4, 6b	NA	ES784
7	Use as processing aid	3	4, 5, 6b, 8, 9, 11, 23	20	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES782
8	Use in electrolytic processes	3	14, 15, 17	14, 20	1, 2, 8b, 9, 13	5, 6b	NA	ES788
9	Use in the process of surface treatments, purification and etching	3	2a, 14, 15, 16	14, 15	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES786
10	Use in gas treatment	3	8	20	1, 2, 8b	7	NA	ES790
11	Use in production of sulphuric acid contained batteries	3	NA	NA	2, 3, 4, 9	2, 5	NA	ES792
12	Use in recycling of sulphuric acid contained batteries	3	NA	NA	2, 4, 5, 8a	1	NA	ES794
13	Use in maintenance of sulphuric acid contained batteries	22	NA	NA	19	8b, 9b	NA	ES798
14	Use of sulphuric acid contained batteries	21	NA	NA	NA	9b	3	ES1117



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Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industria sites		
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, co PROC3: Use in closed bat PROC4: Use in batch and exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of subs vessels/large containers at PROC8b: Transfer of subs vessels/large containers at	stance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to dedicated facilities ance or preparation into small containers (dedicated	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC1	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 100%	
	Annual amount per site	1,2 Million tonnes/year	
Amount used	Annual amount used per region	19 Million tonnes/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
mindenced by har management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation	
Technical onsite conditions and		T	

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved	
releases to soil			
Organizational measures to			
prevent/limit release from the site			
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	On-site waste water treatment	
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC1. PROC2. PROC3. PROC4.	

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,

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PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC	r			
Desident also and the	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 100%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure consider closed nature of the produc	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems and ction process		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	ected		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
risk management		e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all		
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)			
	Outdoors near to buildings	(PROC3, PROC4)		
	Indoors, any sized room, w	vith good natural ventilation(PROC9)		
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)			
	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
Frequency and duration of use Human factors not influenced by risk management Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersior and exposure Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery syste	m(except PROC8a)		
•		ilation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)		
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRC			
Organisational measures to	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised			
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

PA101202_002

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EUSES V2.1 tier 2	

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC1		Fresh water	PEC	0,011µg/L	0,00440
ERC1		Marine water	PEC	0,0016µg/L	0,00640
ERC1		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,97ng/kg	0,00049
ERC1		Marine sediment	PEC	0,14ng/kg	0,00007
ERC1		Soil	PEC	0,05µg/kg	
ERC1		Air	PEC	0,18ng/m3	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	OC2 90th percentile value worker term - s		0,092ng/m3	
PROC3 90th percentile value		worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	14µg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	23µg/m³	
PROC8b 90th percentile value		worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	2,8µg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 2: Use as an inter	rmediate		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use		b, paper and paper products large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) chemicals		
Chemical product category	PC19: Intermediate			
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resu intermediates)	ulting in manufacture of another substance (use of		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ontrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC6a		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the The substance is used up in the process Substance in Mixture/Article			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	300000 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
initiation by tak management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Technical conditions and				

Technical conditions and Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or measures at process level Air emissions may be measured and controlled (source) to prevent release according to local legislation Technical onsite conditions and The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely Water measures to reduce or limit efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site Type of Sewage Conditions and measures related On-site waste water treatment to sewage treatment plant **Treatment Plant**

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	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario con PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		ire for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,		
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	The substance is used up in the process		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker contact is generall and sampling/analysis eve	y very low as most operations are remotely controlled ints are of short duration.		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	ected		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)			
	Outdoors near to buildings	(PROC3, PROC4)		
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9)			
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)			
	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery syste			
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PR	ilation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)		
inem source towards the worker		authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly			
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene		lothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		

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3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6a		Fresh water	PEC	0,2µg/L	0,08
ERC6a		Marine water	PEC	0,03µg/L	0,12
ERC6a		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0018µg/kg	0,0009
ERC6a		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0026µg/kg	0,0013
ERC6a		Soil	PEC	0,92µg/kg	
ERC6a		Air	PEC	0,0032µg/m³	

Workers

Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR		
90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3			
90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3			
90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³			
90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	14µg/m³			
90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	23µg/m³			
90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³			
90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	2,8µg/m³			
	90th percentile value90th percentile value	90th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic90th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic	90th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic0,0094ng/m390th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic0,092ng/m390th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic0,42µg/m390th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic14µg/m390th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic23µg/m390th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic23µg/m390th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic2,8µg/m390th percentile valueworker inhalation, long term - systemic2,8µg/m3		

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

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Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites				
Sectors of end-use	SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)				
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of prep	parations			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC2			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
	Annual amount per site	300000 ton(s)/year			
Amount used	Annual amount used per region	3 Million tonnes/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
Environment factors not	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
nfluenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
, ,	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation			
Fechnical onsite conditions and neasures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved			
releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		·			
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	On-site waste water treatment			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			

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2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC8b, PROC9	ntrolling worker exposu	sure for:PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a,	
	Concentration of the		

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure considered	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC8a, PROC8b)			
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3)			
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC5, PROC9)			
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC3)			
affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system(except PROC5)			
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b)			
nom source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PROC1) Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance			
	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	supervised			
and exposure		ng and transfer of materials to road tankers are		
	trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related		othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		
to personal protection, hygiene	boots and protective coverall)			
and health evaluation				

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC2		Fresh water	PEC	0,0443µg/L	0,01772
ERC2		Marine water	PEC	0,0064µg/L	0,02568
ERC2		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0038µg/kg	0,00192
ERC2		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0005µg/kg	0,00028
ERC2		Soil	PEC	0,2µg/kg	
ERC2		Air	PEC	0,0007µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR	
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0009ng/m3		
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³		
PROC5	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,016mg/m³		
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023mg/m ³		
PROC8b	90th percentile value	th percentile value worker inhalation, long 0,0004µg/m³			
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m ³		

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

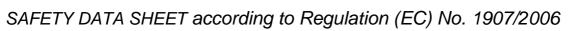
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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1. Short title of Exposure Sce	enario 4: Use in Cleaning	g Agents	
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)		
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)		
Process categories	PROC8a: Transfer of subsiversels/large containers at	tance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to non-dedicated facilities	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive in	door use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC8a	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Amount used	Annual amount per site	1 kg	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	None (emissions to drains)	
	Waste treatment	Amount of substance in waste resulting from service life of articles:, Not applicable.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for	Waste treatment	Release fraction to air from waste handling:, Not applicable.	
disposal	Waste treatment	Release fraction to wastewater from waste handling:, Not applicable.	
	Waste treatment	Fraction disposed of as secondary waste:, Not applicable.	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC8a	
5 1	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
	Exposure duration per	480 min	
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	day		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
Other operational conditions	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation		
affecting workers exposure	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	LEV not required		
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker			
Organisational measures to	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised		
Conditions and measures related	ed Only basic skin protection is required		
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective cle boots and protective covera	othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, all)	
2 Evenesure estimation and			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

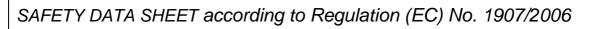
Workers

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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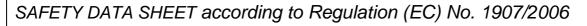
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Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)		
Chemical product category	PC21: Laboratory chemicals		
Process categories	PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent		
Environmental Release		door use of processing aids in open systems	
Categories		door use of reactive substances in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Amount used	Annual amount per site	5000 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC15	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure consider	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	ected	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
risk management		e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all	



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Other operational conditions	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation		
affecting workers exposure	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised		
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)		
and health evaluation			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC8a		Fresh water	PEC	0,138µg/L	0,05520
ERC8a		Marine water	PEC	0,0074µg/L	0,02956
ERC8a		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,011µg/kg	0,00580
ERC8a		Marine sediment	PEC	0,639ng/kg	0,00032
ERC8a		Soil	PEC	0,134µg/kg	
ERC8a		Air	PEC	0,48ng/m3	
ERC8b		Fresh water	PEC	2,12ng/L	0,00085
ERC8b		Marine water	PEC	0,0666ng/L	0,00026
ERC8b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,183ng/kg	0,00009
ERC8b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0058ng/kg	0,00000
ERC8b		Soil	PEC	0,134ng/kg	
ERC8b		Air	PEC	0,0048ng/m3	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC15	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023µg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

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4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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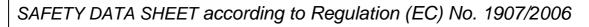
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Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU2a: Mining (without offshore industries) SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys			
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as pl agents PC40: Extraction agents	PC20: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents		
Process categories	PROC3: Use in closed bate	ntinuous process with occasional controlled exposure ch process (synthesis or formulation) other process (synthesis) where opportunity for		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of pro part of articles ERC6b: Industrial use of re	ocessing aids in processes and products, not becoming eactive processing aids		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC4, ERC6b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	438 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Metal recovery, incineration or landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC2, PROC3, PROC4		
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker contact is generally and sampling/analysis eve	very low as most operations are remotely controlled nts are of short duration.		
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	220 days/year		



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	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expected			
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to build	ings(PROC2)		
	Outdoors near to buildings	(PROC3, PROC4)		
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150℃)			
affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system			
measures to control dispersion	Provide local exhaust venti			
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRC			
Organisational measures to	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised			
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC4		Fresh water	PEC	0,025µg/L	0,01000
ERC4		Marine water	PEC	0,0036µg/L	0,01424
ERC4		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0021µg/kg	0,00106
ERC4		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0003µg/kg	0,00015
ERC4		Soil	PEC	0,112µg/kg	
ERC4		Air	PEC	0,0004µg/m³	
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0,026ng/L	0,00001
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0,0037ng/L	0,00001
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ERC6b	 Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0000µg/kg	0,00000
ERC6b	 Marine sediment	PEC	0,0000µg/kg	0,00000
ERC6b	 Soil	PEC	0,0001µg/kg	
ERC6b	 Air	PEC	0,0000µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m ³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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	Scenario 7: Use as processing aid
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industria sites
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU11: Manufacture of rubber products SU23: Electricity, steam, gas water supply and sewage treatment
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents
Process categories	 PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%
Amount used	Annual amount per site	100000 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Innuenced by tisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved
releases to soil Organizational measures to		
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prevent/limit release from the site	Type of Sewage	On-site waste water treatment	
Conditions and measures related	Treatment Plant		
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill	
2.2 Contributing scenario con PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		re for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker contact is generally and sampling/analysis eve	very low as most operations are remotely controlled nts are of short duration.	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to build	lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)	
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)		
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)		
. .	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	possible	bstance the process should be kept as contained as	
Technical conditions and		m(except PROC8a, PROC13)	
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PR	ilation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b)	
		authorised personal shall handle the substance	
Drganisational measures to		dures shall be well documented and strictly	
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		

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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0,0059µg/L	0,00236
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0,0009µg/L	0,00344
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0005µg/kg	0,00026
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,074ng/kg	0,00004
ERC6b		Soil	PEC	0,027µg/kg	
ERC6b		Air	PEC	0,0000µg/m³	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

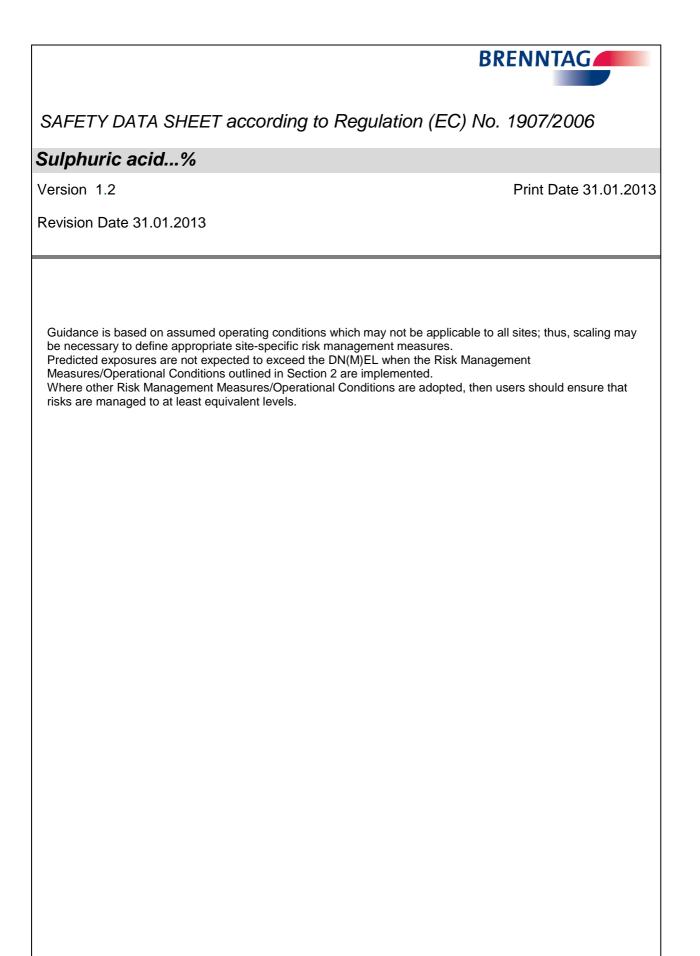
Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m ³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023mg/m ³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m ³	
PROC13	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,016mg/m ³	

characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

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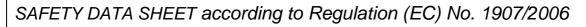
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Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys SU15: Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment SU17: General manufacturing, e.g. machinery, equipment, vehicles, other transport equipment			
Chemical product category	products	PC14: Metal surface treatment products, including galvanic and electroplating products products PC20: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization		
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC5: Industrial use resul ERC6b: Industrial use of re	ting in inclusion into or onto a matrix eactive processing aids		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC5, ERC6b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 95-98%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2306 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
F an ing an a the stand and the	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
initialities by her management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment Metal recovery, incineration or landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC13	ntrolling worker exposu	ire for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b, PROC9,		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in	Concentration of substance in product: 95-98%		



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	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure should be	e low and controlled	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	octed	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)		
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2)		
affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery syste		
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide local exhaust venti Complete segregation(PRC	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC8b)	
fion source towards the worker		authorised personal shall handle the substance	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Substance-handling proced supervised	dures shall be well documented and strictly	
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	boots and protective covera	othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, all) n (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC13)	
3 Exposure estimation and			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

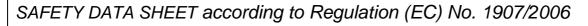
Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC5		Fresh water	PEC	0,0681µg/L	0,02724
ERC5		Marine water	PEC	0,0099µg/L	0,03948
ERC5		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0059µg/kg	0,00294

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ERC5	 Marine sediment	PEC	0,0008µg/kg	0,00043
ERC5	 Soil	PEC	0,309µg/kg	
ERC5	 Air	PEC	0,0011µg/m³	
ERC6b	 Fresh water	PEC	0,136ng/L	0,00005
ERC6b	 Marine water	PEC	0,0197ng/L	0,00008
ERC6b	 Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0118ng/kg	0,00001
ERC6b	 Marine sediment	PEC	0,0017ng/kg	0,00000
ERC6b	 Soil	PEC	0,618ng/kg	
ERC6b	 Air	PEC	0,0022ng/m3	

Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR	
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3		
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3		
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³		
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m ³		
PROC13	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,47mg/m³		

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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1. Short title of Exposure Sc etching	enario 9: Use in the process of surface treatments, purification and
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU2a: Mining (without offshore industries) SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys SU15: Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment SU16: Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment
Chemical product category	PC14: Metal surface treatment products, including galvanic and electroplating products PC15: Non-metal-surface treatment products
Process categories	 PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%
Amount used	Annual amount per site	10000 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
indended by not management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
Conditions and measures related o sewage treatment plant treatment plant effluent	5	2.000 m3/d
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill

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	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure consider closed nature of the produc	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems and ction process	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)		
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)		
	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and		m(except PROC8a, PROC13)	
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PR	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b)	
for source towards the worker		authorised personal shall handle the substance	
Organisational measures to	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly		
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective cl boots and protective cover	othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, all)	

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Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0,591ng/L	0,00024
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0,0856ng/L	0,00034
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,051ng/kg	0,00003
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0074ng/kg	0,00000
ERC6b		Soil	PEC	2,68ng/kg	
ERC6b		Air	PEC	0,0096ng/m3	

Workers

Contributing	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
Scenario				
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0920ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m ³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023mg/m ³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m ³	
PROC13	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,016mg/m ³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

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Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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1. Short title of Exposure Sce	enario 10: Use in gas tre	atment		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industria sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk,	large scale chemicals (including petroleum products		
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as pl agents	h-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization		
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, con	cess, no likelihood of exposure ntinuous process with occasional controlled exposure tance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to dedicated facilities		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC7: Industrial use of sul	bstances in closed systems		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC7		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	30000 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d		
	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
initial agentical by hor management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Technical conditions and measures at process level	Water	Spent acid solutions are neutralized to circumneutral pH prior to discharge		
(source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site				
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
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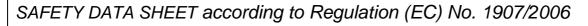
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	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure should be low and controlled			
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to buildings			
	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)			
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system			
measures to control dispersion	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC8b)			
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PROC1, PROC2)			
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance			
Organisational measures to	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly			
prevent /limit releases, dispersion	supervised Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are			
and exposure	trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the			
	worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related	Workers wear protective cl	othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		
to personal protection, hygiene	boots and protective cover			
and health evaluation				

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC7		Fresh water	PEC	0,0886µg/L	0,03544
ERC7		Marine water	PEC	0,0128µg/L	0,05120
ERC7		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0076µg/kg	0,00383
ERC7		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0011µg/kg	0,00056
ERC7		Soil	PEC	0,0029mg/kg	
ERC7		Air	PEC	0,0014µg/m³	
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Workers

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
		term - systemic	, 10	ant for the risk

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

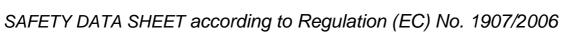


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1. Short title of Exposure SC	-	ction of sulphuric acid contained batteries			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses sites	s of substances as such or in preparations at industria			
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of prep ERC5: Industrial use result	parations ting in inclusion into or onto a matrix			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC2, ERC5			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
initialities by tisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa			
Amount used	Worker exposure should be	e low and controlled			
	Frequency of use	220 days/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min			
	Intermittent contact is expe	ected			
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day			
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Breathing volume				



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	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible
Organisational measures to	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC2		Fresh water	PEC	0,0369µg/L	0,01476
ERC2		Marine water	PEC	0,0054µg/L	0,02144
ERC2		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0032µg/kg	0,00160
ERC2		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0005µg/kg	0,00023
ERC2		Soil	PEC	0,166µg/kg	
ERC2		Air	PEC	0,0006µg/m³	
ERC5		Fresh water	PEC	0,0788µg/L	0,03152
ERC5		Marine water	PEC	0,0107µg/L	0,04280
ERC5		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0064µg/kg	0,00319
ERC5		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0009µg/kg	0,00046
ERC5		Soil	PEC	0,335µg/kg	
ERC5		Air	PEC	0,0012µg/m³	

Workers

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	1,4µg/m³	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m ³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0012mg/m ³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0012mg/m ³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

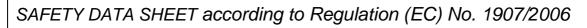


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	-	ng of sulphuric acid contained batteries			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites				
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of sub	stances			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC1			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC2, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa			
Amount used	Worker exposure consider	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.			
	Frequency of use	220 days/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min			
	Intermittent contact is expe				
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Breathing volume	10 m3/day			
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	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²			
	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposur is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in a cases				
	Indoors, any sized room, v	vith good natural ventilation			
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.				
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible				
Technical conditions and	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).				
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker					
Organisational measures to		authorised personal shall handle the substance dures shall be well documented and strictly			
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation					

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC1		Fresh water	PEC	0,0074µg/L	0,00295
ERC1		Marine water	PEC	0,0011µg/L	0,00428
ERC1		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0638ng/kg	0,00032
ERC1		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0093ng/kg	0,00005
ERC1		Soil	PEC	0,0335µg/kg	
ERC1		Air	PEC	0,0001µg/m³	

Workers

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0012mg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long	0,004mg/m ³	

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		term - systemic		
PROC5	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,013mg/m ³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,006mg/m ³	

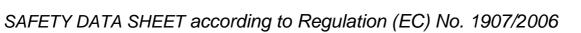
The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.



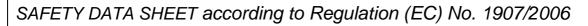
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1. Short title of Exposure Sco	1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 13: Use in maintenance of sulphuric acid contained batteries					
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)					
Process categories	PROC19: Hand-mixing with	PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available				
Environmental Release Categories		door use of reactive substances in open systems utdoor use of substances in closed systems				
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC8b, ERC9b				
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%				
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year				
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year				
F action and f actors and	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d				
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10				
initialities by not management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100				
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant				
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d				
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill				
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC19				
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%				
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid				
	Vapour pressure	2,14 hPa				
Amount used	Worker exposure considered	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.				
	Frequency of use	220 days/year				
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min				
	Intermittent contact is expe	ected				
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day				
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²				
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases					
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoors, any sized room, w	vith good natural ventilation				
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	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC8b		Fresh water	PEC	0,001µg/L	0,00424
ERC8b		Marine water	PEC	0,333ng/L	0,00133
ERC8b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,914ng/kg	0,00046
ERC8b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0288ng/kg	0,00001
ERC8b		Soil	PEC	0,671ng/kg	
ERC8b		Air	PEC	0,002ng/m3	
ERC9b		Fresh water	PEC	0,003µg/L	0,01340
ERC9b		Marine water	PEC	1,85ng/L	0,00740
ERC9b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	2,89ng/kg	0,00140
ERC9b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,16ng/kg	0,00008
ERC9b		Soil	PEC	0,003µg/kg	
ERC9b		Air	PEC	0,12ng/m3	

Workers

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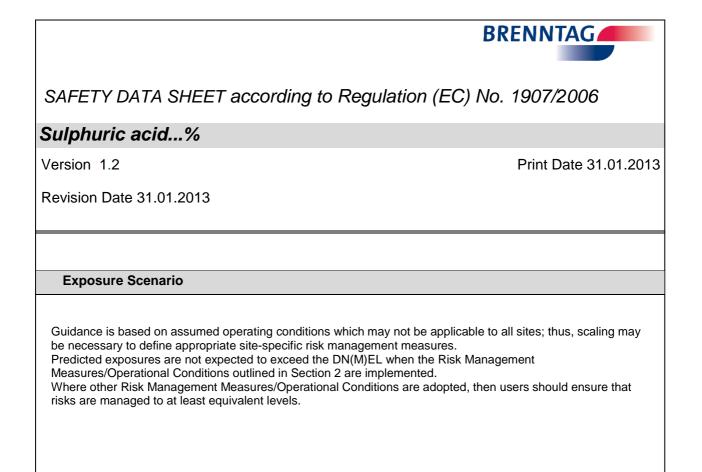
	Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR	
,		90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,002mg/m ³		
Г	The ECETCO expression estimation is equilibred to be used information and is not expressioned as lower than the sight					

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the

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	-	ric acid contained batteries
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Pr	rivate households (= general public = consumers)
Article categories	AC3: Electrical batteries ar	nd accumulators
Environmental Release Categories	ERC9b: Wide dispersive of	utdoor use of substances in closed systems
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC9b
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
initial ageneric	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling consumer expo	osure for:AC3
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	< 0,1 hPa
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	240 min
Human factors not influenced by	Breathing volume	10 m3/day
risk management	Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
	Consumer Measures	Batteries should only be opened in a well-ventilated place
Conditions and measures related	Consumer Measures	Batteries should not be opened unnecessarily
to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Batteries should stand on firm ground to prevent spill
	Consumer Measures	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

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Consumer Measures

Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes.

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3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC9b		Fresh water	PEC	0,0335µg/L	0,0134
ERC9b		Marine water	PEC	0,0018µg/L	0,0074
ERC9b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	2,89ng/kg	0,0014
ERC9b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,16ng/kg	0,0001
ERC9b		Soil	PEC	33,5ng/kg	
ERC9b		Air	PEC	0,12ng/m3	

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.



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QUALITY SYSTEMS		
ISO 9001	Yes	Yes
ISO 14001	Yes	Yes
ISO 22000	Yes	Yes
FSSC 22000	Yes	Yes
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OHSAS18001	-	Yes
ESAD	Yes	Yes
other	-	AEO

